

Spectroscopy of the $^2S_{1/2} - ^2D_{5/2}$ clock transition in single $^{138}\text{Ba}^+$ ions

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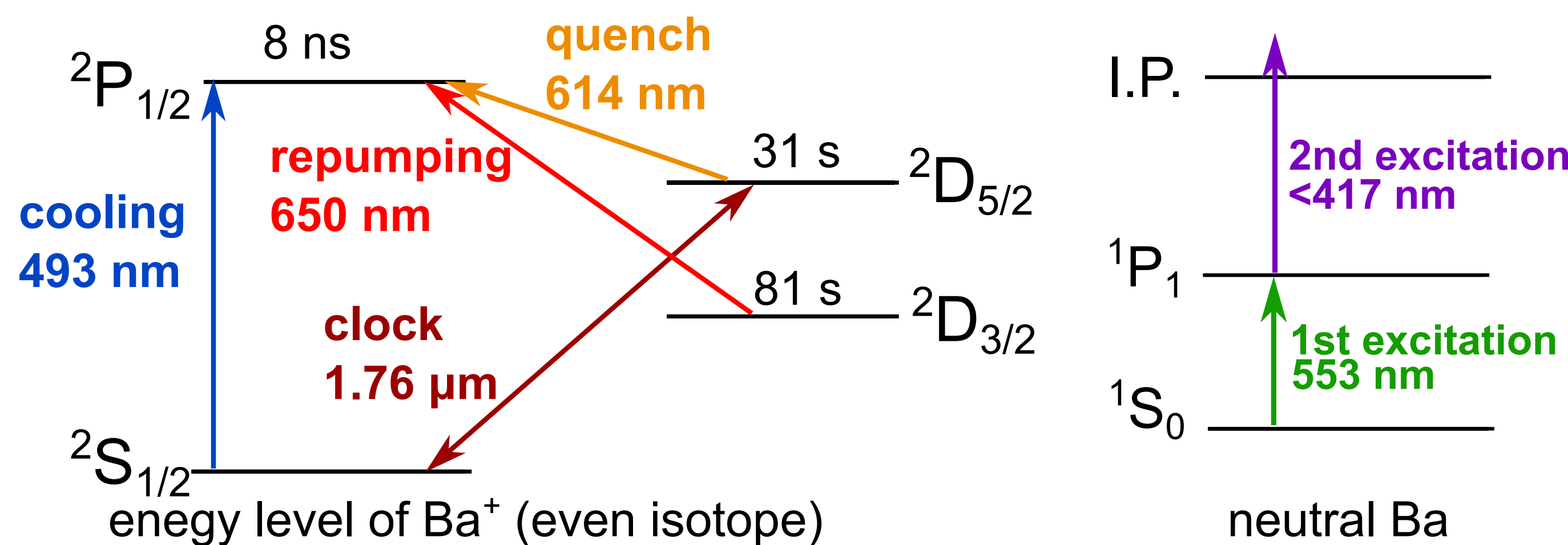
Introduction

- Goal
Realization of optical frequency standard with Barium ion
- Current work
 - Linenarrowing of the light sources for clock transition $^2S_{1/2} - ^2D_{5/2}$
 - Spectroscopy of the $^2S_{1/2} - ^2D_{5/2}$ in single $^{138}\text{Ba}^+$ ions

Ba ion

- Clock transitions
 - $^2S_{1/2} - ^2D_{5/2}$ [1-3]: $1.76\ \mu\text{m}$ $\tau = 31\ \text{s}$
 - $^2S_{1/2} - ^2D_{3/2}$ [4]: $2.05\ \mu\text{m}$ $\tau = 81\ \text{s}$
- Odd isotope(135, 137)
 - $^2S_{1/2}(F=2, m_F=0) - ^2D_{3/2}(F=0, m_F=0)$
 - small 1st-order Zeeman shift
 - Insensitive to quadrupole electric field

[1]N. Kurz, et al., *Phys. Rev. A*, **82**, 030501(R) (2010)
 [2]W. Nagourney, et al., *Opt. Commun.*, **79**, 176 (1990)
 [3]B. Appasamy, et al., *Appl. Phys. B*, **60**, 473 (1995)
 [4]A. Kleczewski, et al., *Phys. Rev. A*, **85** 043418 (2012)



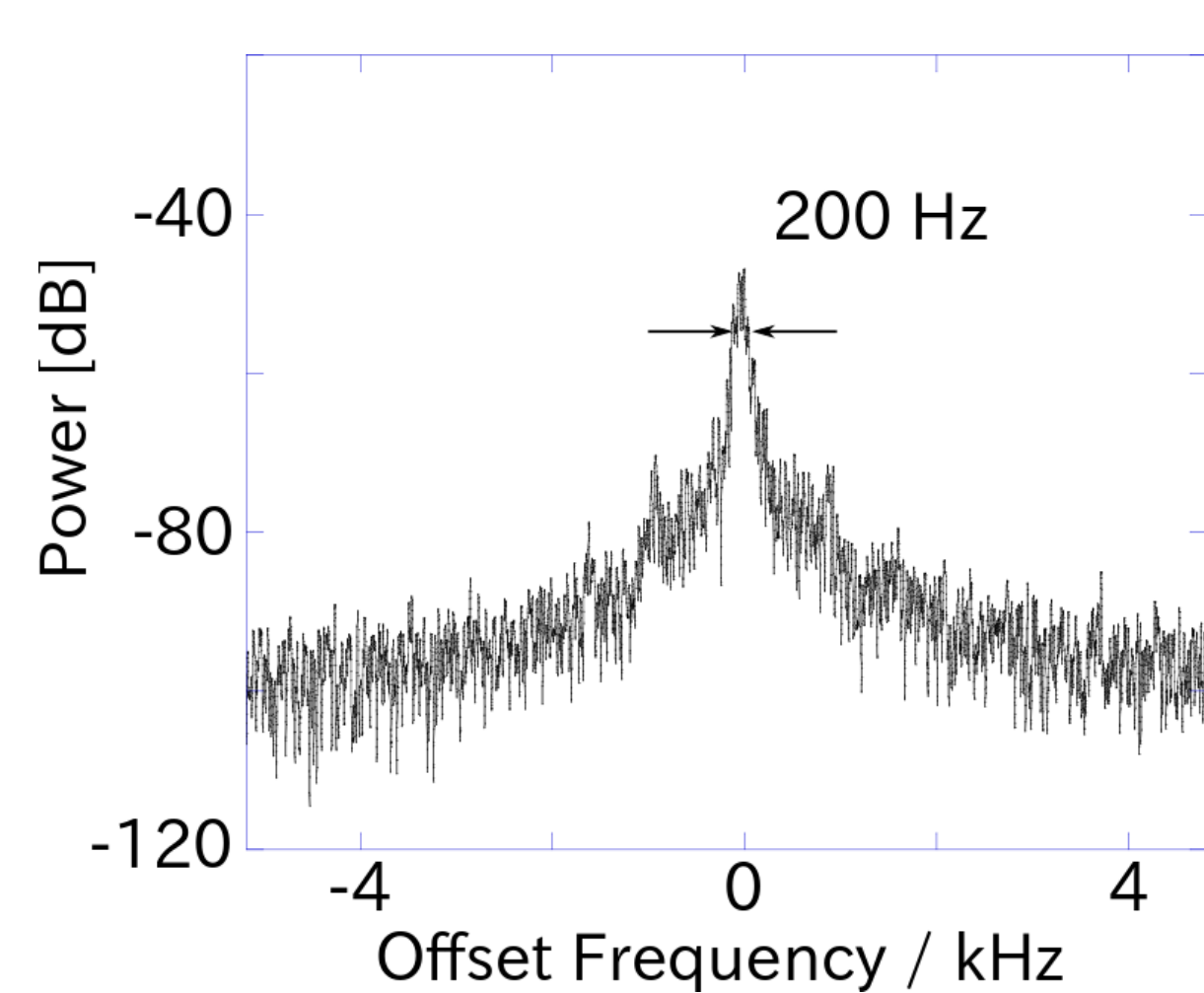
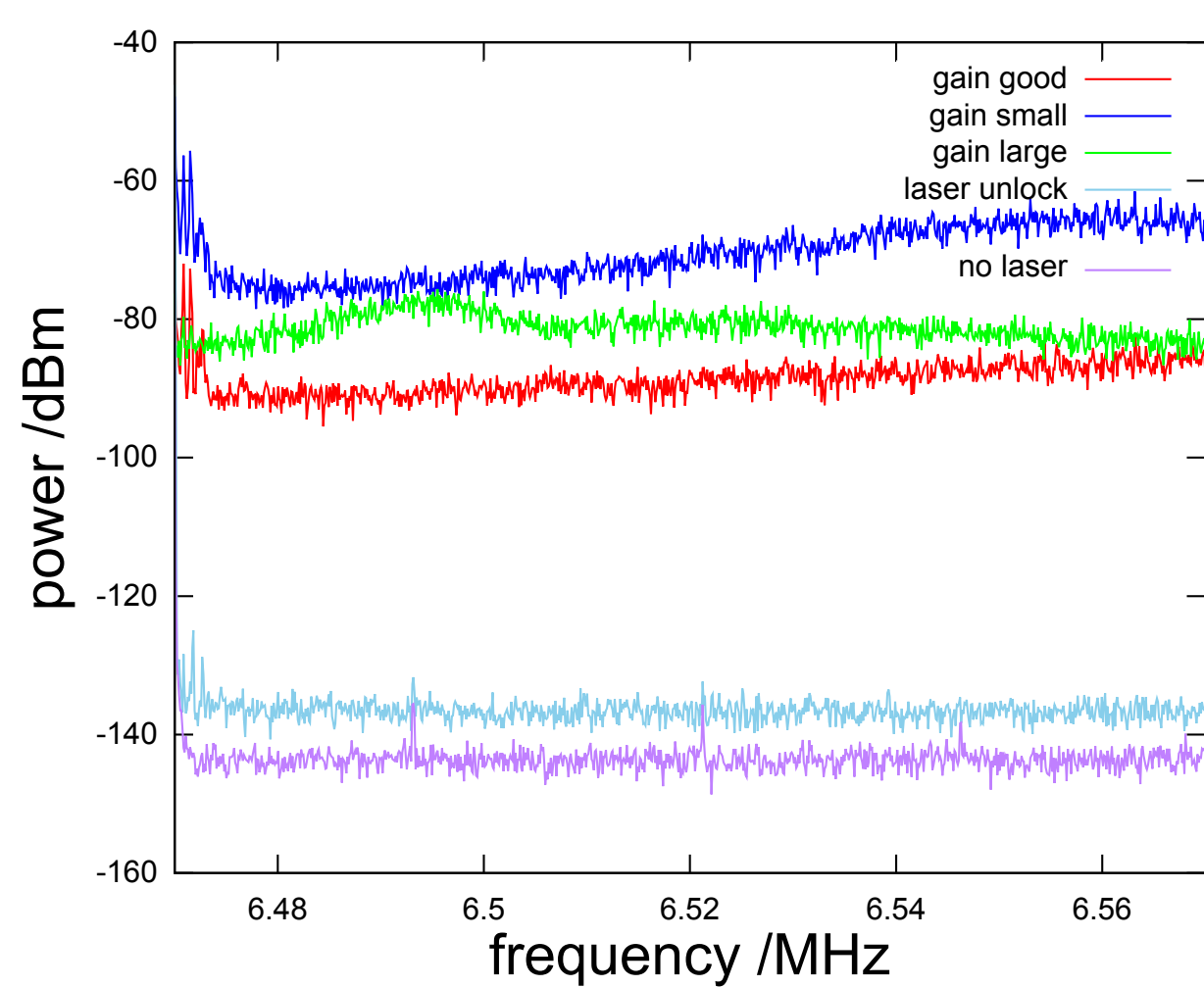
This work

- linenarrowing of 881 nm-ECDL
- phase locking of 1.76 μm -ECDL to 881 nm-ECDL
- observation of quantum jumps

Experiment

Linenarrowing of 881 nm-ECDL

- modulation frequency: 6.47 MHz
- cavity linewidth: $\sim 52\ \text{kHz}$
- beatnote between 881 nm-ECDL and optical frequency comb stabilized to other linenarrowed laser

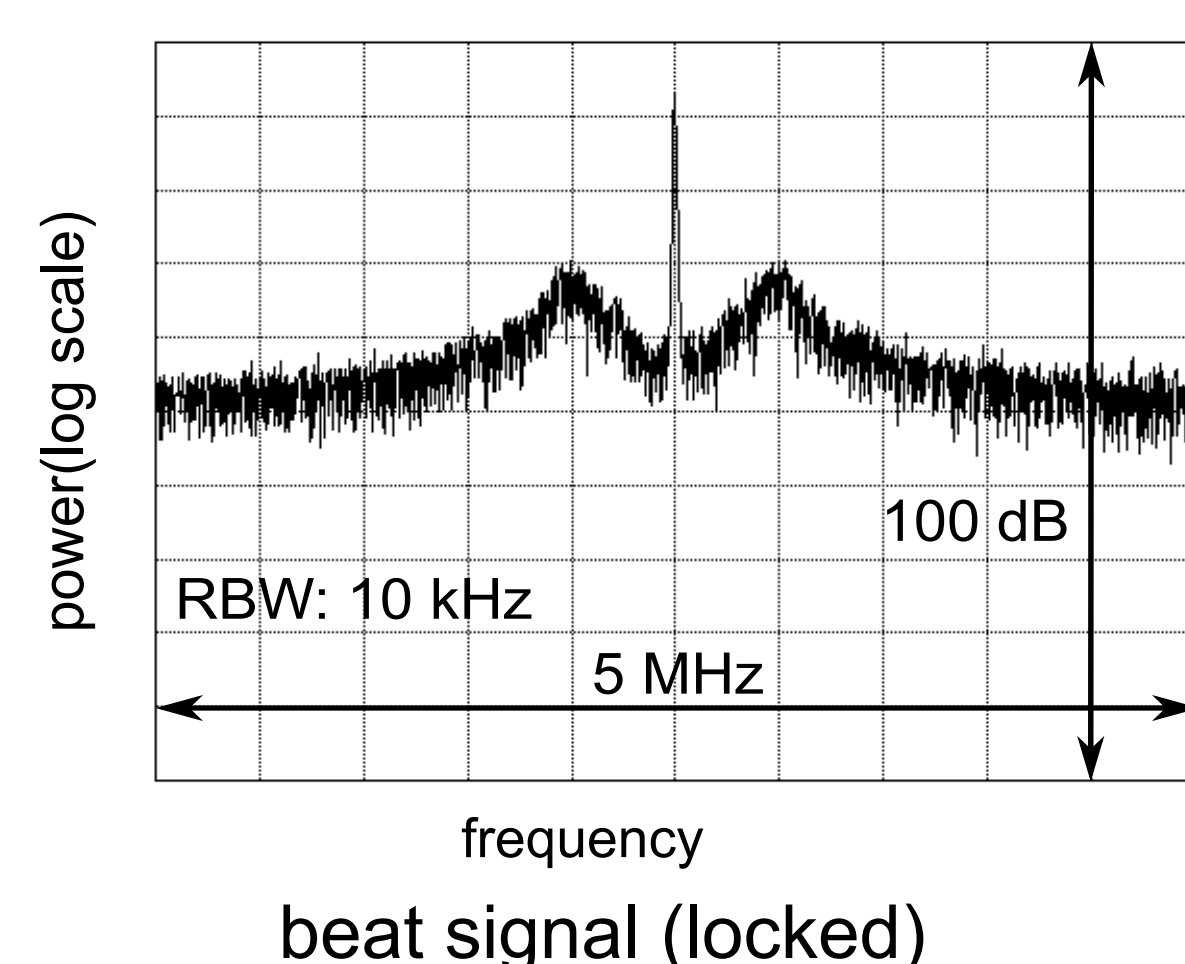
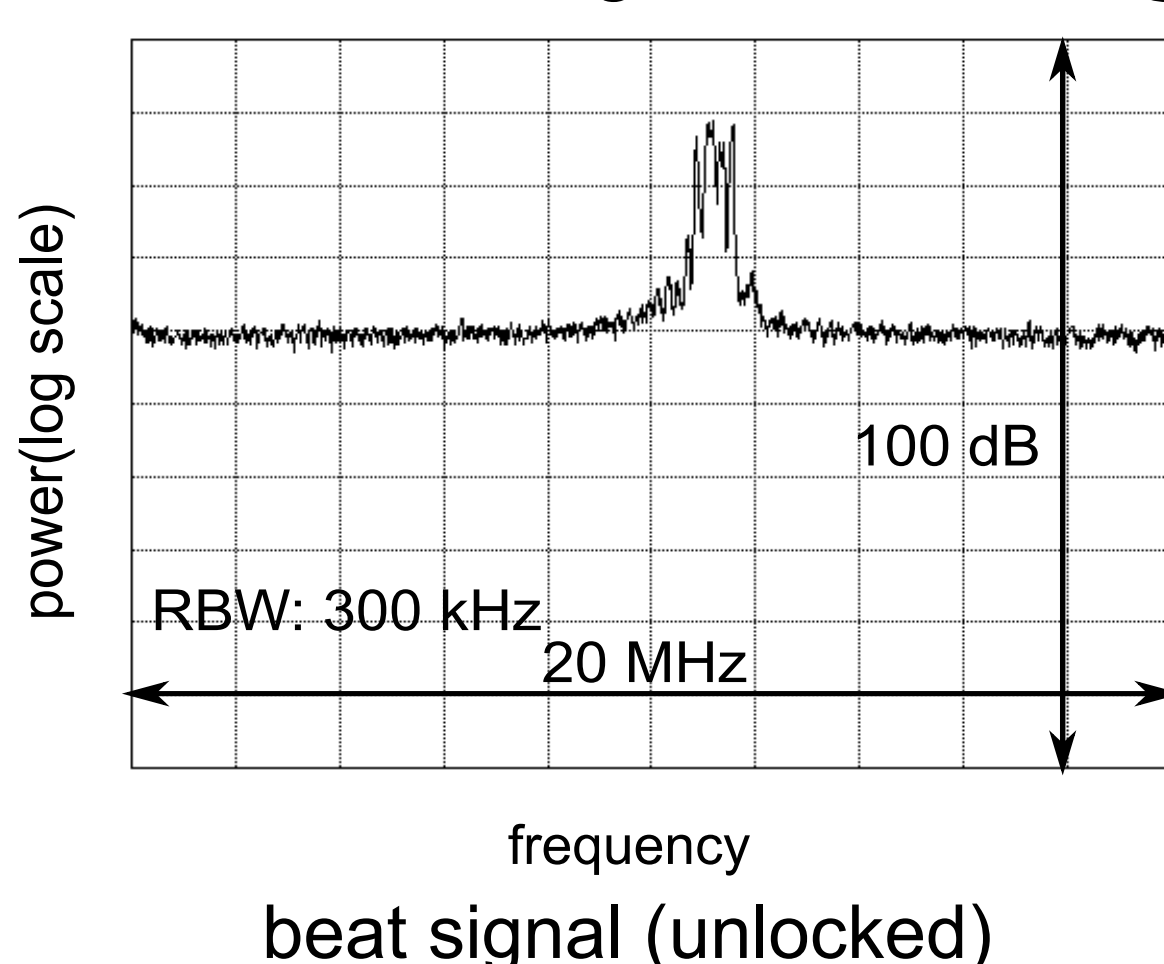


spectrum of signal reflected from the cavity

- relative linewidth: 7.2 Hz to cavity resonance
- linewidth: $< 200\ \text{Hz}$

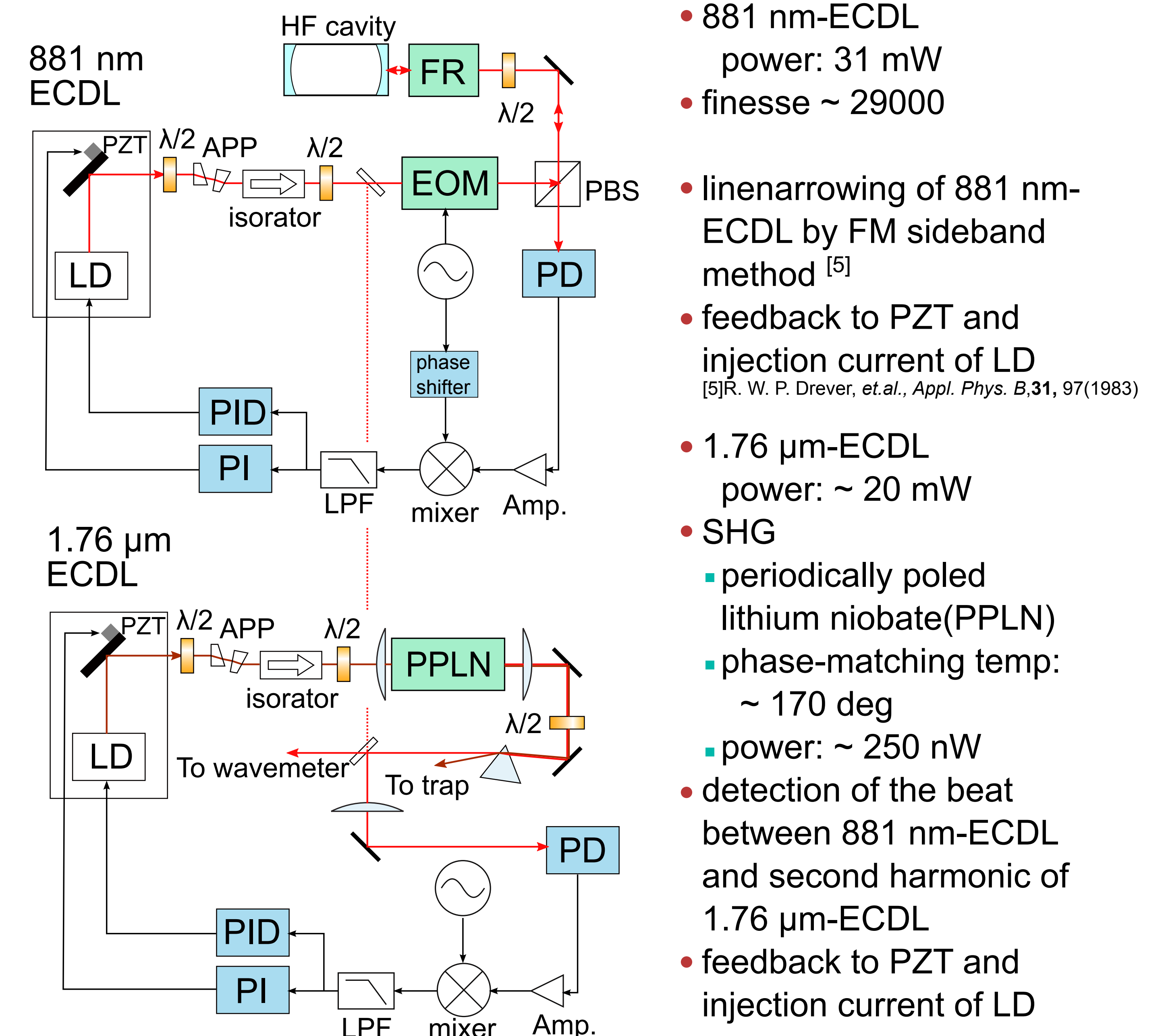
Phase locking of 1.76 μm -ECDL

- power
881 nm: 500 μW SHG of 1.7 μm : 100 nW
- S/N of beat signal: $\sim 29\ \text{dB}$ @RBW: 300 kHz



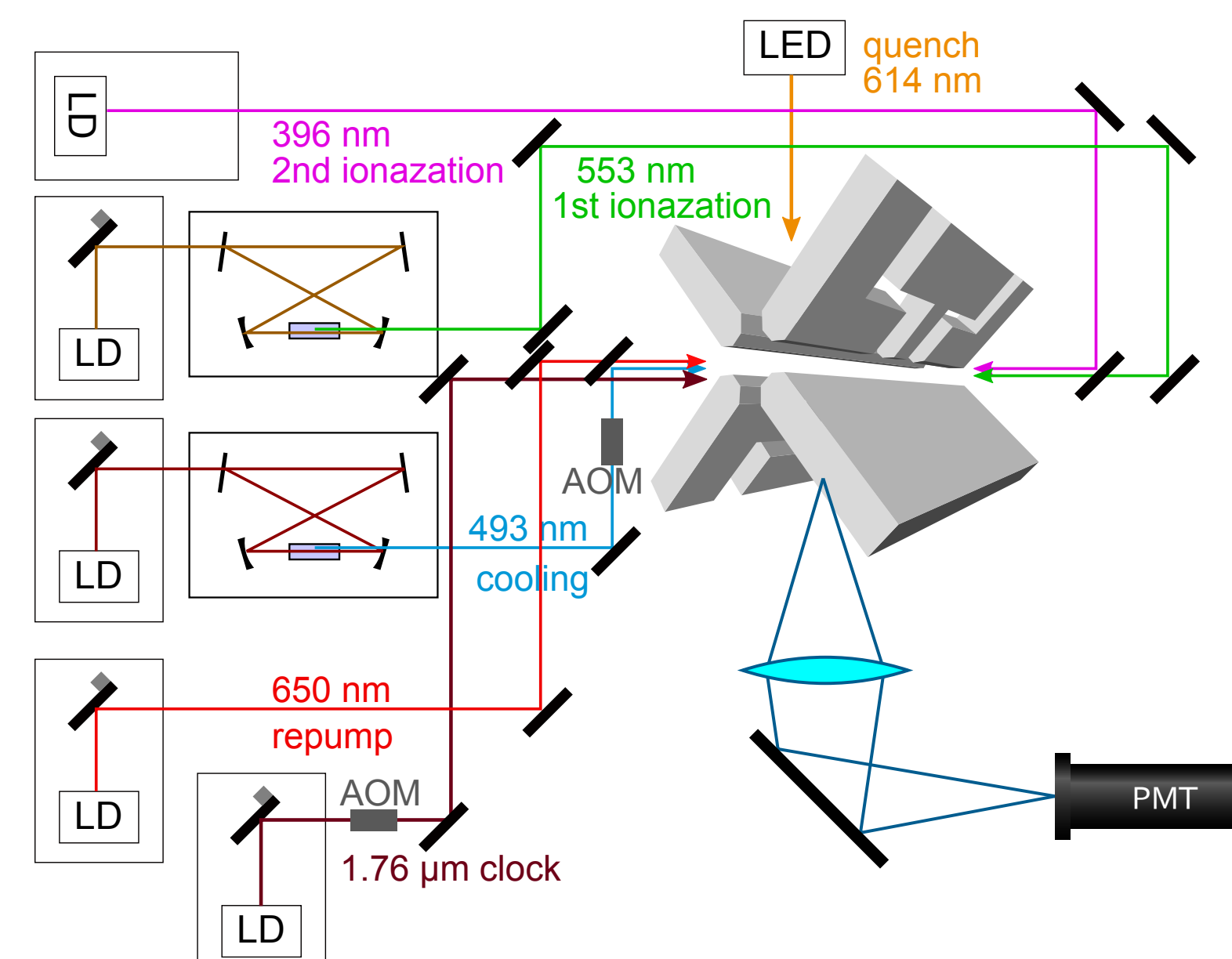
Setup

System of clock laser for $^2S_{1/2} - ^2D_{5/2}$

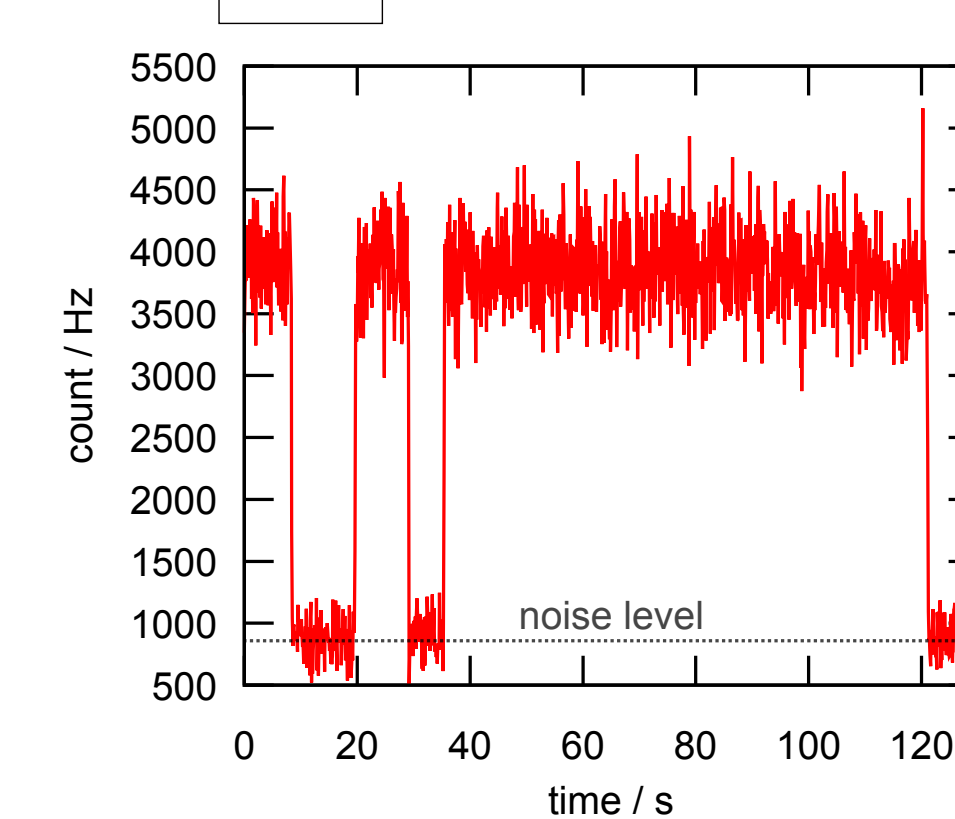


- 881 nm-ECDL
power: 31 mW
- finesse ~ 29000
- linenarrowing of 881 nm-ECDL by FM sideband method [5]
- feedback to PZT and injection current of LD
[5]R. W. P. Drever, et al., *Appl. Phys. B*, **31**, 97(1983)
- 1.76 μm -ECDL
power: $\sim 20\ \text{mW}$
- SHG
 - periodically poled lithium niobate(PPLN)
 - phase-matching temp: $\sim 170\ \text{deg}$
 - power: $\sim 250\ \text{nW}$
- detection of the beat between 881 nm-ECDL and second harmonic of 1.76 μm -ECDL
- feedback to PZT and injection current of LD

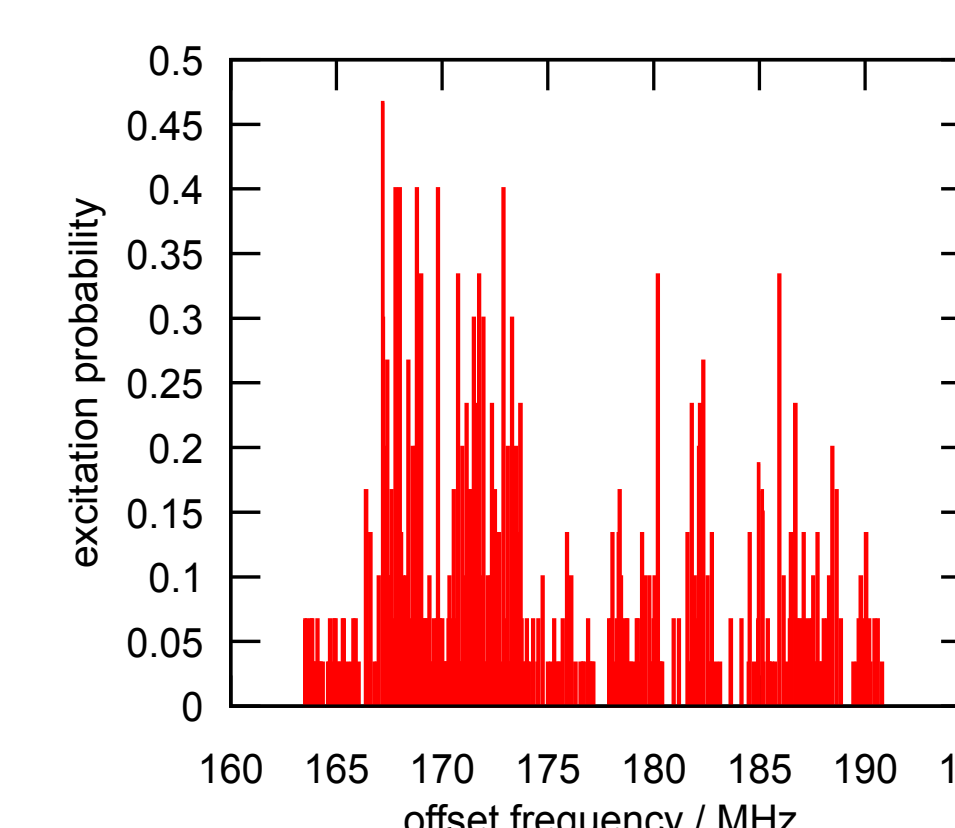
Observation of quantum jumps



- cooling laser:
SHG of 986 nm-ECDL
- repumping laser:
650 nm-ECDL
 - stabilized using I_2 absorption signal
- 1st ionization laser:
SHG of 1107 nm-ECDL
- 2nd ionization laser:
396 nm-LD
- quenching by LED
- detecting fluorescence by PMT

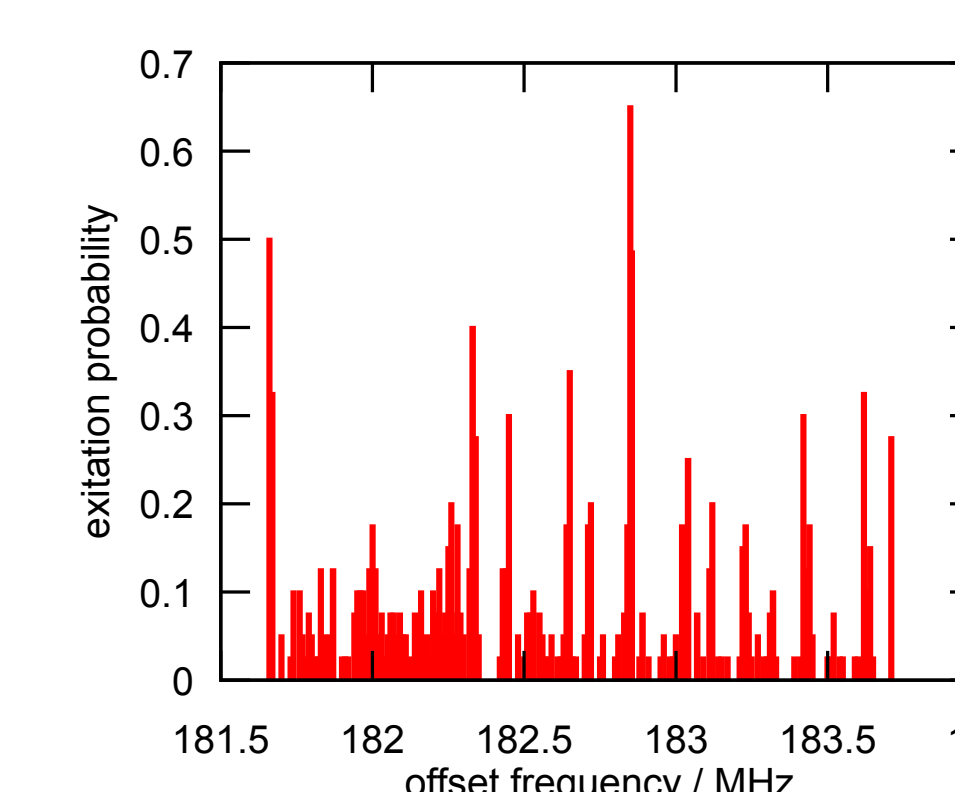


- quantum jumps of $^2S_{1/2} - ^2D_{5/2}$ clock transition
- S/N $\sim 3000 / 800$



- single-ion spectroscopy of Zeeman components(?)

- frequency step : 25 kHz
- power of clock laser : $\sim 1\ \text{mW}$
- probe time : 100 ms



- high resolution scanning
motional sideband resolved

- frequency step : 10 kHz
- power of clock laser : $\sim 1\ \text{mW}$
- probe time : 50 ms

Conclusion

- Linenarrowing of 881 nm-ECDL: 200 Hz of linewidth
- Phase locking of 1.76 μm -ECDL to 881 nm-ECDL
- Spectroscopy of the $^2S_{1/2} - ^2D_{5/2}$ clock transition in single $^{138}\text{Ba}^+$ ions

Next work

- Identification of the Zeeman components
- Clear detection of motional sidebands